

Code No. 27762

 α 2, 6-Sialyltransferase Assay Kit - IBL**INTRODUCTION**

The histopathological picture of Alzheimer's disease is characterized by senile plaques and neurofibrillary tangles, and because the senile plaques form first, they are considered the initial lesion. Senile plaques are known to be formed by accumulation of β -amyloid peptide (A β). A β peptide is produced by the cleavage of amyloid precursor protein (APP) by two types of proteolytic enzymes. The first cleavage is performed by β -secretase (BACE1) and the second by γ -secretase. In recent years a glycosyltransferase involved in the biosynthesis of sugar chains (α 2, 6-sialyltransferase) has also been shown to be cleaved by BACE1. The cleavage site was identified at the same time, and as a result it was demonstrated that in rats it produces cleaved-type α 2, 6-sialyltransferase (E41 Form).

This product is a measurement kit that enables detection of human, rat and mouse α 2, 6-sialyltransferase.

PRINCIPLE

This kit is a solid phase sandwich ELISA using 2 kinds of high specific antibodies. Tetra Methyl Benzidine (TMB) is used as a coloring agent (Chromogen). The strength of coloring is in proportional to the quantities of α 2, 6-sialyltransferase.

MEASUREMENT RANGE

1.09 ~ 70 ng/mL

INTENDED USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

This IBL's assay kit is capable for the quantitative determination each of human, rat and mouse α 2, 6-sialyltransferase in serum, EDTA plasma and cell culture supernatant.

KIT COMPONENT

1	Precoated plate : Anti- α 2, 6-sialyltransferase (C) Rabbit IgG Affinity Purify	96Well x 1
2	Labeled antibody Conc. : (30X) HRP conjugated Anti- α 2, 6-sialyltransferase (M2) Rabbit IgG Fab' Affinity Purify	0.4mL x 1
3	Standard : Recombinant Rat α 2,6-sialyltransferase (E41 Form)	0.5mL x 2
4	EIA buffer	30mL x 1
5	Solution for Labeled antibody	12mL x 1
6	Chromogen : TMB solution	15mL x 1
7	Stop solution : 1N H ₂ SO ₄	12mL x 1
8	Wash buffer Conc. : (40X) 0.05% Tween20 in phosphate buffer	50mL x 1

OPERATION MANUAL**1. Materials needed but not supplied**

- Plate reader (450nm)
- Graduated cylinder and beaker
- Refrigerator (as 4°C)
- Paper towel
- Incubator (37°C \pm 1°C)
- Washing bottle for precoated plate
- Disposable test tube for "2, Labeled antibody Conc." and "6, Chromogen"
- Micropipette and tip
- Deionized water
- Graph paper (log/log)
- Tube for dilution of Standard

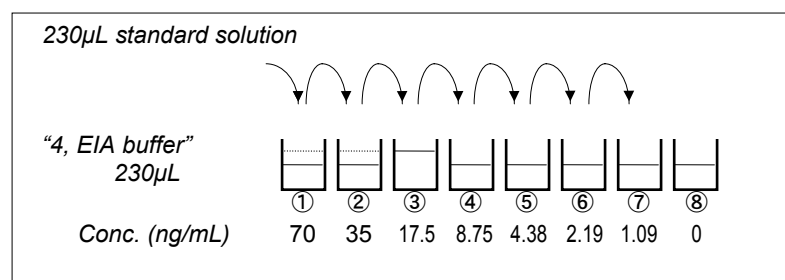
2. Preparation

- 1) Preparation of wash buffer
"8, Wash buffer Conc." is a concentrated (40X) buffer. Adjust the temperature of "8, Wash buffer Conc." to room temperature and then, mix it gently and completely before use. Dilute 50mL of "8, Wash buffer Conc." with 1,950 mL of deionized water and mix it. This is the wash buffer for use. This prepared wash buffer shall be stored in refrigerator and used within 2 weeks after dilution.
- 2) Preparation of Labeled antibody
"2, Labeled antibody Conc." is a concentrated (30X). Dilute "2, Labeled antibody Conc." with "5, Solution for Labeled antibody" in 30 times according to required quantity into a disposable test tube. Use this resulting solution as Labeled antibody.
Example)
In case you use one slit (8 well), the required quantity of Labeled antibody is 800 μ L. (Dilute 30 μ L of "2, Labeled antibody Conc." with 870 μ L of "5, Solution for Labeled antibody" and mix it. And use the resulting solution by 100 μ L in each well.)
This operation should be done just before the application of Labeled antibody.
The remaining "2, Labeled antibody Conc." should be stored at 4°C in firmly sealed vial.
- 3) Preparation of Standard
Put just 0.5 mL of "4, EIA buffer" into the vial of "3, Standard" and mix it gently and completely. This solution is 140 ng/mL α 2, 6-sialyltransferase standard.
- 4) Dilution of Standard
Prepare 8 tubes for dilution of "3, Standard". Put 230 μ L each of "4, EIA buffer" into the tube.
Specify the following concentration of each tube."

Tube-1	70 ng/mL
Tube-2	35 ng/mL
Tube-3	17.5 ng/mL
Tube-4	8.75 ng/mL
Tube-5	4.38 ng/mL
Tube-6	2.19 ng/mL
Tube-7	1.09 ng/mL
Tube-8	0 ng/mL (Test Sample Blank)

Put 230 μ L of Standard solution into tube-1 and mix it gently. Then, put 230 μ L of tube-1 mixture into tube-2. Dilute two times standard solution in series to set up 7 points of diluted standard between 70 ng/mL and 1.09 ng/mL. Tube-8 is the test sample blank as 0 ng/mL.

See following picture.

**5) Dilution of test sample**

Test sample needs to be diluted with "4, EIA buffer" more than 4 times.

If the concentration of α 2, 6-sialyltransferase in samples may not be estimated in advance, the pre-assay with several different dilutions will be recommended to determine the proper dilution of samples.

3. Measurement procedure

All reagents shall be brought to room temperature approximately 30 minutes before use. Then mix it gently and completely before use. Make sure of no change in quality of the reagents. Standard curve shall be prepared simultaneously with the measurement of test samples.

Reagents	Test Sample	Standard	Test Sample Blank	Reagent Blank
	Test sample 100 μ L	Diluted standard (Tube 1-7) 100 μ L	EIA buffer (Tube-8) 100 μ L	EIA buffer 100 μ L
Incubation for 60 minutes at 37°C with plate lid				
Washing 7 times				
Labeled Antibody	100 μ L	100 μ L	100 μ L	-
Incubation for 30 minutes at 4°C with plate lid				
Washing 9 times				
Chromogen	100 μ L	100 μ L	100 μ L	100 μ L
Incubation for 30 minutes at room temperature (shielded)				
Stop solution	100 μ L	100 μ L	100 μ L	100 μ L
Read the plate at 450nm against a Reagent Blank within 30 minutes after addition of Stop solution.				

- 1) Determine wells for reagent blank. Put 100 μ L each of "4, EIA buffer" into the wells.
- 2) Determine wells for test sample blank, test sample and diluted standard. Then, put 100 μ L each of test sample blank (tube-8), test sample and dilutions of standard (tube-1-7) into the appropriate wells.
- 3) Incubate the precoated plate for 60 minutes at 37°C after covering it with plate lid.
- 4) Wash each well of the precoated plate vigorously with wash buffer using the washing bottle. Then, fill each well with wash buffer and leave the precoated plate laid for 15 - 30 seconds. Remove wash buffer completely from the precoated plate by snapping. This procedure must be repeated more than 7 times. Then, remove the remaining liquid from all wells completely by snapping the precoated plate onto paper towel.
In case of using a plate washer, after 4 times washing with plate washer, washing with above washing bottle must be repeated 3 times.
- 5) Pipette 100 μ L of labeled antibody solution into the wells of test samples, diluted standard and test sample blank.
- 6) Incubate the precoated plate for 30 minutes at 4°C after covering it with plate lid.
- 7) Wash the precoated plate 9 times in the same manner as 4).
- 8) "6, Chromogen" should be taken the required quantity into a disposable test tube. Then, pipette 100 μ L from the test tube into the wells. Please do not return the rest of test tube to "6, Chromogen" bottle due to avoid contamination.
- 9) Incubate the precoated plate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark. The liquid will turn blue by the addition of "6, Chromogen".
- 10) Pipette 100 μ L of "7, Stop solution" into the wells. Mix the liquid by tapping the side of precoated plate. The liquid will turn yellow by the addition of "7, Stop solution".
- 11) Remove any dirt or drop of water on the bottom of the precoated plate and confirm there is no bubble on the surface of the liquid. Then, run the plate reader and conduct measurement at 450nm against a reagent blank. The measurement shall be done within 30minutes after the addition of "7, Stop solution".

SPECIAL ATTENTION

- 1) Test samples should be measured soon after collection. For the storage of test samples, store them frozen and do not repeat freeze/thaw cycles. Thaw the test samples at low temperature and mix them completely before measurement.
- 2) Test samples should be diluted with "4, EIA buffer", if the need arises.
- 3) Duplicate measurement of test samples and standard is recommended.
- 4) Use test samples in neutral pH range. The contaminations of organic solvent may affect the measurement.

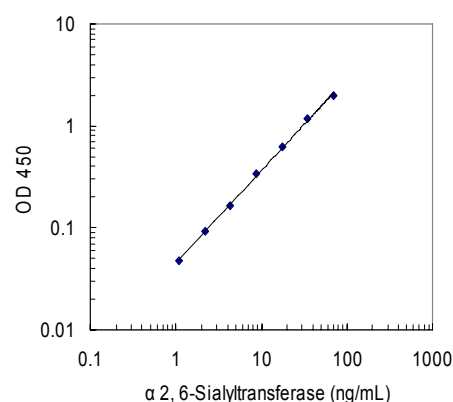
- 5) Use only wash buffer contained in this kit for washing the precoated plate. Insufficient washing may lead to the failure in measurement.
- 6) Remove the wash buffer completely by tapping the precoated plate on paper towel.
Do not wipe wells with paper towel.
- 7) "6, Chromogen" should be stored in the dark due to its sensitivity against light. "6, Chromogen" should be avoided contact with metals.
- 8) Measurement should be done within 30 minutes after addition of "7, Stop solution".

CALCULATION OF TEST RESULT

Subtract the absorbance of test sample blank from all data, including standards and unknown samples before plotting. Plot the subtracted absorbance of the standards against the standard concentration on log-log graph paper. Draw the best smooth curve through these points to construct the standard curve. Read the concentration for unknown samples from the standard curve.

Example of standard curve

Conc. (ng/mL)	Absorbance (450nm)
70	2.055
35	1.256
17.5	0.718
8.75	0.429
4.38	0.254
2.19	0.179
1.09	0.135
0 (Test Sample Blank)	0.087



* The typical standard curve is shown above. This curve can not be used to derive test results. Please run a standard curve for each assay.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

1. Titer Assay (Samples with standard added are used.)

Specimen	Titer (X)	Measurement Value (ng/mL)	Theoretical Value (ng/mL)	%
10%FCS added RPMI-1640	2	16.33	17.50	93.3
	4	8.27	8.75	94.5
	8	4.77	4.38	108.9
Human Serum	4	22.08	24.27	91.0
	8	13.84	13.98	99.0
Human Plasma (EDTA)	16	6.28	6.61	95.0
	4	12.49	14.90	83.8
	8	5.85	7.19	81.4
Rat Serum (SD)	16	2.47	3.09	79.9
	8	9.98	11.44	87.2
	16	6.21	6.54	95.0
Rat Plasma (EDTA) (SD)	32	3.21	3.06	104.9
	8	9.66	11.39	84.8
	16	5.16	5.86	88.1
Mouse Serum (BALB/c)	32	2.39	3.18	75.2
	8	5.06	5.99	84.5
	16	3.06	3.14	97.5
Mouse Plasma (EDTA) (BALB/c)	32	1.27	1.49	85.2
	8	4.13	5.95	69.4
	16	2.87	3.07	93.5
	32	1.44	1.46	98.6

2. Added Recovery Assay

Specimen	Theoretical Value (ng/mL)	Measurement Value (ng/mL)	%
10%FCS added RPMI-1640 (x2)	17.50	15.95	91.1
	8.75	8.08	92.3
	4.38	4.11	93.8
Human Serum (x4)	19.34	18.34	94.8
	17.15	16.34	95.3
	16.05	15.87	98.9
Human Plasma (EDTA) (x4)	10.72	9.29	86.7
	8.53	8.35	97.9
	7.43	7.88	106.1

Specimen	Theoretical Value (ng/mL)	Measurement Value (ng/mL)	%
Rat Serum (SD) (x8)	10.81	9.25	85.6
	8.62	8.01	92.9
	7.52	6.89	91.6
Rat Plasma (EDTA) (SD) (x8)	15.33	12.75	83.2
	10.96	10.23	93.3
	8.77	7.13	81.3
Mouse Serum (BALB/c) (x8)	19.21	16.90	88.0
	10.46	9.46	90.4
	6.09	5.37	88.2
Mouse Plasma (EDTA) (BALB/c) (x16)	18.36	15.61	85.0
	9.61	8.13	84.6
	5.24	4.98	95.1

3. Intra - Assay

Measurement Value (ng/mL)	SD value	CV value (%)	n
31.00	2.23	7.2	21
7.49	0.63	8.4	21
3.26	0.24	7.4	21

4. Inter - Assay

Measurement Value (ng/mL)	SD value	CV value (%)	n
29.12	2.51	8.6	45
7.05	0.78	11.1	45
3.10	0.42	13.5	45

5. Sensitivity

0.20 ng/mL

The sensitivity for this kit was determined using the guidelines under the National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards (NCCLS) Evaluation Protocols. (National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards Evaluation Protocols, SC1, (1989) Villanova, PA: NCCLS.)

PRECAUTION FOR INTENDED USE AND/OR HANDLING

1. All reagents should be stored at 2 - 8 °C. All reagents shall be brought to room temperature approximately 30 minutes before use.
2. "3, Standard" is lyophilized products. Be careful to open this vial.
3. "7, Stop solution" is a strong acid substance. Therefore, be careful not to have your skin and clothes contact "7, Stop solution" and pay attention to the disposal of "7, Stop solution".
4. Dispose used materials after rinsing them with large quantity of water.
5. Precipitation may occur in "2, Labeled antibody Conc." or "4, EIA buffer" however, there is no problem in the performance.
6. Wash hands after handling reagents.
7. Do not mix the reagents with the reagents from a different lot or different kit.
8. Do not use the expired reagents.
9. This kit is for research purpose only. Do not use for clinical diagnosis.

STORAGE AND THE TERM OF VALIDITY

Storage Condition : 2 - 8 °C
The expiry date is specified on outer box.

REFERENCE

1. Kitazume-Kawaguchi S, Dohmae N, Takio K, Tsuji S, Colley KJ. The relationship between ST6Gal I Golgi retention and its cleavage-secretion. : Glycobiology. 1999 Dec;9(12):1397-406.
2. Kitazume S, Tachida Y, Oka R, Shirotani K, Saido TC, Hashimoto Y. Alzheimer's beta-secretase, beta-site amyloid precursor protein-cleaving enzyme, is responsible for cleavage secretion of a Golgi-resident sialyltransferase. : Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2001 Nov 20;98(24):13554-9.
3. Kitazume S, Tachida Y, Oka R, Kotani N, Ogawa K, Suzuki M, Dohmae N, Takio N, Saido TC, Hashimoto Y. Characterization of alpha 2,6-Sialyltransferase Cleavage by Alzheimer's beta -Secretase (BACE1). : J Biol Chem. 2003 Apr 25;278(17):14865-71.

Version 1.4

Made in Japan.